

Coraza Integrated Technology	Policy & Procedures	Document Number 100 – 002	Rev 3
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Change Register		
Rev No:	Date	Description
0	06/14/21	Original
1	02/28/23	Rename Risk Management Committee to Risk Management & Sustainability Committee
2	02/27/25	Annual Review
3	02/24/26	Annual Review

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1 Introduction

1.1 The Board Charter sets out the Board’s strategic intent and outlines the roles and powers that the Board specifically reserves for itself, and those which it delegates to Management and in so doing, also sets the tone of the various Board Committees.

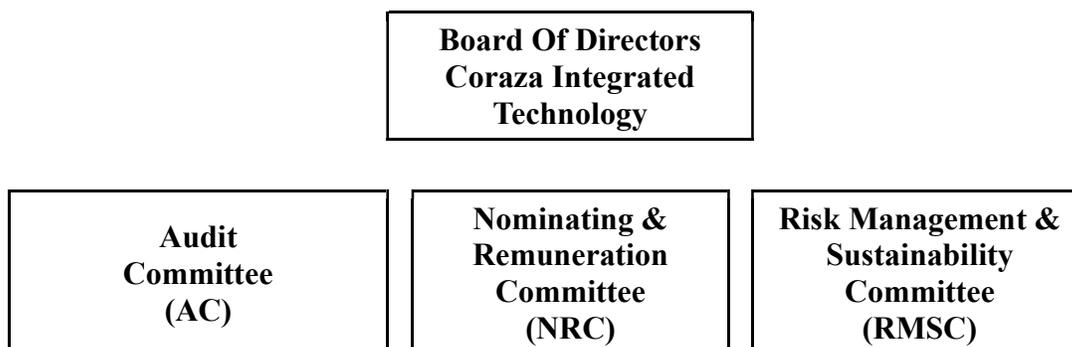
1.2 This Board Charter is subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 (“Companies Act”), the Constitution of Coraza Integrated Technology, the Ace Market Listing Requirements (“AMLR”) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa”), the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2021 (“MCCG”) and any other applicable law or regulatory requirements.

2 Purpose

The role of the Board is to promote and protect the interests of the Coraza Group (“Group”) (i.e. the shareholders and stakeholders of each member of the Group). The Board shoulders the ultimate responsibility of determining the direction of the Group, thereby ensuring the long-term success of the Group and the delivery of sustainable value to its stakeholders. The Board provides thought leadership and advice in fine-tuning corporate strategies, championing good governance and ethical practices, and ensures the effective execution of these strategies.

3 Board Structure and Composition

3.1 The Governance Structure of the Board is as follows:



3.2 Composition

3.2.1 The Constitution of Coraza Integrated Technology provides for a minimum of three (3) Directors and a maximum of fifteen (15) Directors. At any one time, there should be at least 3 directors or 1/3 of the Board members, whichever is higher, are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

3.2.2 Independence

3.2.2.1 In accordance with Bursa Guidance Note 9: Requirements for Directors and Signatory of

Statutory Declaration for Accounts.

3.2.2.2 The Board may consider a Director as independent if he has no relationship with the Company, its related companies (note 1) or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere with his exercise of independent business judgement in carrying out his functions as a member of the NRC.

(Note 1: A related company in relation to a corporation includes its subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or parent company.)

3.2.2.3 On appointment and thereafter, on an annual basis, every member shall complete a return as to his independence. The Board shall review the return to decide if a Director is to be considered independent.

3.2.2.4 An Independent Director shall immediately notify the Board of Directors and the Company Secretary of any change in circumstances that may result in him not being able to meet the criteria for independence.

3.2.2.5 The Board may, after considering the change in circumstances, require the resignation of the Director, in compliance with provisions of the Companies Act and the NRC terms of reference.

3.2.2.6 The tenure of an Independent Non-Executive Director should not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine (9) years. Upon completion of the nine (9) years, an Independent Non-Executive Director may continue to serve on the Board as a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director. If the Board intends to retain an Independent Non-Executive Director beyond nine (9) years, it shall justify and seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process. Under the two-tier voting process, shareholders' votes will be cast in the following manner at the same shareholders' meeting:

- a) Tier 1: Only the Large Shareholder(s) of the Company votes.
- b) Tier 2: Shareholders other than Large Shareholder(s) votes.

3.2.2.7 Large Shareholder means a person who:

- a) is entitled to exercise, or control the exercise of, not less than 33% of the voting shares in the Company; or
- b) is the largest shareholder of voting shares in the Company; or
- c) has the power to appoint or cause to be appointed a majority of the Directors of the Company; or
- d) has the power to make or cause to be made, decisions in respect of the business or administration of the Company, and to give effect to such decisions or cause them to be given effect to.

3.2.2.8 The decision for the resolution is determined based on the vote of Tier 1 and a simple majority

of Tier 2. If there is more than one Large Shareholder, a simple majority of votes determine the outcome of the Tier 1 vote.

- a) The resolution is deemed successful if both Tier 1 and Tier 2 votes support the resolution.
- b) However, the resolution is deemed to be defeated where the vote between the two tiers differs or where Tier 1 voter(s) abstained from voting.

3.2.3 Competency

Members of the Board should possess the relevant knowledge, skills, competencies, functional and management experience, characteristics, and mind-set to contribute effectively to the Board. The Board shall also regularly review its membership to ensure the Board remains relevant and should formalise its succession planning practices.

3.2.4 Retirement and Resignation

3.2.4.1 Directors may relinquish their membership on the Board in writing to the Company, subject to compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, AMLR and the Company's Constitution.

3.2.4.2 If for any reason, the total number of board members shall fall below three (3), the Board shall within three (3) months, or on such occurrence, appoint such number of new members so that the total number of members is at least three (3) and re-constitute the Board before the next scheduled meeting.

4 Authorities Of the Board

The Board is authorised to do the following at the cost of the Group:

- 4.1 Be provided resources in order to perform its duties.
- 4.2 Have direct access to the Key Management team and the external auditors.
- 4.3 Have direct communication channels and access to the Group Secretary, and full and unrestricted access to information, records, properties, and personnel of the Group in performing their duties.
- 4.4 Obtain external, legal, or independent professional advice as deemed necessary.
- 4.5 Convene meetings with the external auditors without the attendance of any executive and where appropriate, the Group Secretary as deemed necessary.
- 4.6 Have immediate access to reports on fraud or irregularities from the Group Corporate Assurance ("GCA"), Group Compliance ("GC") or Group Finance and to reports on accidents / incidents from Group Strategy.
- 4.7 Authorize investigations into fraud, illegal acts or suspected violations of Group policies involving Management or Directors.

5 Roles And Responsibilities of The Board, The Chairman, Directors and Group Chief Executive Officer

5.1 Principal Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is principally responsible for:

5.1.1 Reviewing and adopting a strategic plan for the Group

- a) Review, challenge and approve Management's proposal on a strategic plan for the Group by bringing objectivity and breadth of judgment to the strategic planning process;
- b) Ensure that the strategic plan for the Group supports long-term value creation and includes strategies on economic, environmental, safety & health, social and governance considerations underpinning sustainability; and
- c) Monitor the implementation of the strategic plan by Management.

5.1.2 Promoting together with Key Management, good corporate governance culture within the Group which reinforces ethical, prudent and professional behaviour;

5.1.3 Overseeing the conduct of the Group's business:

- a) Oversee the conduct of the Group's business, including the formulation of strategy and performance objectives, control and accountability systems, corporate governance framework, risk management practices and human capital management;
- b) Approve and monitor progress of major capital expenditure, fund-raising, acquisitions and divestitures;
- c) Supervise and assess the performance of Management to determine whether the business is being properly managed and ensure that appropriate measures are in place against which Management's performance can be assessed;
- d) Review, challenge and decide on Management's proposals for the Group and monitor its implementation by Management; and
- e) Monitor compliance with established policies and procedures.

5.1.4 Identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate internal controls and mitigation measures:

- a) Understand the principal risks of the Group business and recognise that business decisions involve the taking of appropriate risks;
- b) Fulfill statutory and fiduciary responsibilities by monitoring the operational, financial and risk management processes of the Group and ensuring that internal control procedures are in place;

- c) Set the risk appetite within which the Board expects Management to operate and ensure that there is a sound risk management framework to identify, analyse, evaluate, manage and monitor significant financial and non-financial risks; and
- d) Comply with environment, safety and health legislation by understanding the operations being carried out by employees and the hazards and risks associated with such operations.

5.1.5 Succession Planning:

- a) Ensure Key Management has the necessary skills and experience; and
- b) Ensure measures are in place to provide for orderly succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and, where appropriate, replacing Key Management.

5.1.6 Overseeing the development and implementation of a stakeholder communications policy for the Group.

- a) Ensure that the Group has in place a policy to enable effective communication with its stakeholders.
- b) This policy should include how feedback received from its stakeholders is considered by the Group when making business and other decisions.

5.1.7 Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the management information and internal control systems of the Group.

- a) Ensure that there is a sound framework of reporting on internal controls and regulatory compliance;
- b) Review the efficiency and quality of the Group's financial reporting process and systems of accounting and internal controls; and
- c) Ensure the integrity of the Group's financial and non-financial reporting.

5.2 Role of the Board Chairman

The Board Chairman presides over meetings of Directors and is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and the effectiveness of the Board. The duties of the Board Chairman include the following:

5.2.1 Managing Board meetings to ensure robust decision-making by:

- a) setting the agenda for each Board meeting together with the Group Secretary and the Group Chief Executive Officer ("GCEO"). Other Directors and key members of Management may also be consulted;
- b) ensuring the provision of accurate, complete, timely and clear information to the

Directors;

- c) leading Board meetings and discussions;
- d) managing Boardroom dynamics by promoting a culture of openness and debate; encouraging active participation and allowing dissenting views to be freely expressed; and
- e) ensuring all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings in a timely manner.

5.2.2 Building a high performance Board by:

- a) providing leadership for the Board so that the Board can perform its responsibilities effectively;
- b) taking a leading role in establishing an effective corporate governance system and practices, including Board and Committee Charters, a Committee structure and ensuring that induction as well as ongoing education programmes for Directors are in place;
- c) arranging the regular evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors and discussing the performance assessment with individual Directors and Committee Chairmen;
- d) ensuring that prior to new appointments to the Board, an assessment is undertaken on the candidate, which may include a competency and behavioral analysis of the candidate; and
- e) ensuring that the Board and key executive succession planning is considered on an ongoing basis.

5.2.3 Managing Board - Management interface by:

- a) acting as the conduit between Management and the Board, although all Directors shall have the opportunity to get to know key members of the Management team;
- b) developing a positive relationship with the GCEO, acting as a confidant and advisor; and
- c) facilitating the selection and appointment of a successor to the current GCEO.

5.2.4 Being the public face by:

- a) acting as a spokesperson for the Board; and
- b) representing Coraza Integrated Technology at shareholders' meetings and on other occasions when actions are taken or statements are made in the name of the Group, both domestically and/or abroad.

5.2.5 Ensuring appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with stakeholders

and that their views are communicated to the Board as a whole.

5.3 Role of Individual Directors

5.3.1 Directors are expected to comply with their legal, statutory and equitable duties and obligations when discharging their fiduciary responsibilities as Directors. Broadly these include:

- a) acting in good faith and in the best interests of the Group;
- b) demonstrating good stewardship and acting in a professional manner with sound mind;
- c) acting with reasonable care, skill and diligence subject to the business judgment rule;
- d) avoiding conflicts of interest with the Group in a personal or professional capacity, including improper use of the property, information, opportunity of the Group or position as a Director or officer of the Group or engaging in business which is in competition with the Group;
- e) ensuring Board information, discussions, deliberations and decisions that are not publicly known are not used for personal interest, or their employers' interest;
- f) disclosure of and abstaining from voting on matters of material personal interest;
- g) exercising greater vigilance and professional skepticism in understanding and shaping the strategic direction of the Company and/or Group; and
- h) compliance with the Companies Act, securities legislation and the AMLR.

5.3.2 Every Director shall devote sufficient time to prepare for and attend Board and Board Committee meetings, attend Directors' continuous training programme and briefings.

5.3.3 Every Director must attend at least fifty (50) percent of the Board meetings held in each financial year.

5.3.4 Every Director must keep abreast of his responsibilities as a Director and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Group.

5.3.5 Every Board member should ensure that the minutes of meetings accurately reflect the deliberations and decisions of the Board, including whether any Director abstained from voting or deliberating on a particular matter.

5.4 Role of the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

The duties of the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director shall include acting as a sounding board for the Chairman, an intermediary for other Directors when necessary, and the point of contact for shareholders and other stakeholders with concerns which have failed to be resolved or would not be appropriate to be communicated through the normal channels of the Chairman and/or GCEO.

5.5 Role of the Group Chief Executive Officer

5.5.1 The GCEO assumes the overall responsibilities for the execution of the Group's strategies in line with the Board's direction, oversees the operations of the Divisions Holding Companies and drives the Group's businesses and performance towards achieving the Group's vision and goals. The key roles of the GCEO include, among others:

- a) displaying ethical behaviour while overseeing the day-to-day business operations, implementing Board policies and strategies, and making operational decisions;
- b) serving as the conduit between the Board and Management in ensuring the success of the Group's governance and management functions;
- c) ensuring that all Board decisions reflect its environment, safety and health intentions as articulated in the environment, safety and health policy statement;
- d) ensuring effective relationships and communication with Management, and between the Board, shareholders and relevant stakeholders;
- e) providing strong leadership by effectively communicating the vision, management philosophy, business strategy and environment, safety and health policy to employees; and
- f) keeping the Board informed of salient aspects and issues concerning the Group's operations, including those related to environment, safety and health.

6 Matters Reserved for The Board

In addition to those matters that are required by law or Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad to be approved by the Board, the following matters, which are non-exhaustive, are reserved for the Board:

- 6.1 Appointment of Chairman of the Board, independent director, Managing Director / Group CEO, Head of Finance and Company secretary;
- 6.2 Determination of the remuneration and terms and conditions of service of the Group CEO, Executive Directors, Managing Director, including incentives;
- 6.3 Approval of the strategic plans and consolidated annual budget;
- 6.4 Approval of quarterly financial reports, annual report (which includes, among others, financial statements, directors' reports, management discussion and analysis, sustainability statement, corporate governance overview statement, audit committee statement, and statement of risk management and internal control) and corporate governance report, with advice from the Nominating and Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Risk Management and Sustainability Committee as appropriate;
- 6.5 Approval of notice of meeting and proxy form for the Annual General Meeting and other

members' meetings;

- 6.6 Approval of disclosure of information (including issuance of statements or press releases) that contains financial and / or operational projections, or changes to the Group's strategy;
- 6.7 Approve delegations of authority to the Group CEO / Managing Director and authorise expenditure in excess of the approval limits delegated to the Group CEO / Managing Director;
- 6.8 Authorise any single unbudgeted expenditure above an amount as established by the Board from time to time;
- 6.9 Approval of proposals for the acquisition, establishment, disposal or cessation of any significant business of the Company or significant changes to organisational structure;
- 6.10 Authorise the issue of shares, options or other equity-based securities including the documentation in relation to such;
- 6.11 Approval of borrowings and the granting of security over, or interests in the Company or any of its material assets including the documentation in relation thereto;
- 6.12 Determine membership and approve the terms of reference of Board Committees and monitor the effectiveness of the Company's corporate governance practices;
- 6.13 Appointment of Directors, and where required for election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting;
- 6.14 Approval of remuneration policies including the authorisation of key performance indicators for Group CEO / Managing Director;
- 6.15 If deemed appropriate, endorse AC recommendation and seek shareholders' approval for the appointment of the external auditor; and
- 6.16 Approve corporate policies of Company-wide or general application.

7 Board Meetings

7.1 Frequency

The Board shall meet at least four (4) times in a financial year, with additional meetings to be convened as and when necessary.

7.2 Notice and Agenda

Notices and agenda of meetings duly endorsed by the Chairman together with the relevant Board papers shall be distributed at least five (5) working days prior to the Board meetings.

7.3 Quorum

The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors shall be at least

half of the Board members, provided not fewer than two (2) Directors, and a meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions by or the Constitution vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

7.4 Meeting Mode

7.4.1 A meeting shall normally be conducted face-to-face to enable effective discussion; however, meetings may also be conducted via telephone conferencing, video conferencing or other appropriate means as determined by the Board.

7.4.2 The Board may from time to time and if deemed appropriate, consider and approve and/or recommend relevant matters via a resolution in writing, in lieu of formally convening a meeting.

- a) A written resolution in writing signed or approved by a majority of the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it has been passed by a meeting of the Board duly convened.
- b) Approval of the Board on the resolution can be through email and/or other means of electronic communications.
- c) Any such resolution may consist of several documents, including facsimile or other means of communications, in like form, each signed by one or more Directors.

7.5 Voting

7.5.1 All resolutions of the Board shall be adopted by a simple majority vote, each member having one vote. In case of equality of votes, the Chairman of the Board shall have a second or casting vote. However, in the case of an equality of votes and where two (2) Directors form a quorum, the Chairman of a meeting at which only such a quorum is present or at which only two (2) Directors are competent to vote on the question at issue, shall not have a casting vote.

7.5.2 A Board member is required to abstain from deliberations and voting in respect of any matter which may give rise to an actual or perceived conflict of interest situation.

7.6 Meeting Minutes

7.6.1 The minutes of the meeting shall be action oriented, and record the deliberations and decisions of the Board. The minutes shall include compiled Board instructions as Matters Arising for discussion at each Board meeting to ensure proper follow through.

7.6.2 Minutes shall be distributed to Board members and shall be approved by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings are held or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.

7.7 Secretary

7.7.1 The Secretary to the Board shall be the Group Secretary or a person recommended by the

Group Secretary and approved by the Board.

7.7.2 The Secretary shall organise and provide assistance at Board and Board Committee meetings and have the following key responsibilities:

- a) draft the schedule of Board activities for the financial year;
- b) ensure meetings are arranged and held accordingly;
- c) assist the Chairman in planning the Board's activities;
- d) draw up meeting agendas in consultation with the Board Chairman and maintain the minutes;
- e) ensure structured communication channels between the Board and Board Committees;
- f) attend Board and Board Committee meetings and ensure the proceedings of meetings are recorded and the minutes circulated in a timely manner;
- g) ensure the presence of a quorum at the meeting; and
- h) ensure Board Committees' recommendations presented to the Board are supported by papers that explain the rationale for the Committees' recommendations.

8 Board Effectiveness Evaluation

- 8.1 To remain relevant, the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees and each individual Director should be annually reviewed and disclosed in the annual report as prescribed under the AMLR and the MCCG. The Board should engage professional, experienced and independent party(ies) periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluation.
- 8.2 The Board via the Nominating & Remuneration Committee shall establish a set of criteria for the assessment of all Directors including Independent Directors. In establishing these criteria, attention shall be given to the values, principles and skills required for the Group. These criteria will serve as a source of reference for prospective and incumbent Directors for the Board's annual assessment and shall be reviewed regularly to maintain their relevance.
- 8.3 The evaluation shall cover the performance of the Board, the various Board Committees and each individual Director.
- 8.4 The Board should disclose how it has conducted such assessment and its outcome in the annual report including the identity of the third party if the assessment is conducted by an independent third party.
- 8.5 The Board, in assessing a Director's independence should focus not only on whether a Director's background and current activities qualify him or her as independent but also whether the Director can act independently of Management and free from any business or other relationship which could interfere with the exercise of independent judgement or the ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

9 Directors' Orientation and Continuous Education Training

9.1 Induction of Newly Appointed Directors

9.1.1 All newly appointed Board members shall undergo a formal induction and continuous education programme to ensure that they understand:

- a) their roles and responsibilities;
- b) the Board's expectations in terms of their knowledge contribution;
- c) the nature of the Group's business;
- d) current issues faced; and
- e) strategies adopted by the Group.

9.2 Directors' Training and Development

All Directors shall ensure that they keep abreast of regulatory changes, other developments and broad business trends. The Board must evaluate the training needs of its Directors on a continuous basis and ensure all Directors have access to appropriate continuing education programmes.

10 Board Committees

The Board has delegated some of its powers and functions to each of the following Board Committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities:

10.1 Audit Committee ("AC")

The AC assists and supports the Board's responsibility of overseeing the Group's operations by providing a means for reviewing the Group's processes for producing financial data, its internal controls, and policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the Group's external auditor and internal audit (GCA) function.

10.2 Nominating & Remuneration Committee ("NRC")

10.2.1 The NRC oversees matters related to the nomination of new Directors, annually reviews the required mix of skills, experience and other requisite qualities of Directors as well as undertakes the annual assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, its Committees and the contribution of each individual Director;

10.2.2 The NRC is also primarily responsible for recommending to the Board the remuneration framework for Directors, reviewing the remuneration package for Executive Directors and Key Management as well as the remuneration framework of employees of the Group; and

10.2.3 The NRC is also responsible for overseeing the implementation and administration of the

Performance-Based Employee Share Option Scheme for the Eligible Employees (including Executive Directors) of Coraza Integrated Technology and its Subsidiaries (excluding Subsidiaries which are Dormant) subject to the By-Laws governing the Scheme if any.

10.3 Risk Management & Sustainability Committee (“RMSC”)

10.3.1 The RMSC is primarily responsible for assisting the Board in overseeing the risks management framework and policies within the Group and reviews the efficacy of internal controls within the Group.

10.4 The Chairman of the respective Committees shall report and update the Board on significant issues and concerns discussed and where appropriate, make the necessary recommendations to the Board.

11 Code Of Conduct and Ethics

11.1 The Board shall formalise and maintain a set of ethical standards of behaviour expected of all Directors, Management, employees and, where applicable, counterparts and business partners through the Group’s Code of Conduct and Ethics and together with Management, implement its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

11.2 The policies of the Group’s Code of Conduct and Ethics should be integrated into group-wide management practices.

12 Whistleblower Policy

12.1 The Board should establish, review and together with Management implement appropriate policies and procedures on whistle blowing.

12.2 The oversight of the whistleblowing function is under the purview of the Risk Management & Sustainability Committee (“RMSC”) who shall ensure that all reported violations are properly investigated. RMSC is also responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the actions taken in response to all concerns raised.

13 Group Secretary

13.1 The Board shall ensure that it is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Group Secretary, who plays an important advisory role and fulfills the functions for which he/she has been appointed.

13.2 The Group Secretary is a central source of information and advice to the Board and its Committees on issues relating to sound governance and compliance with laws, rules, procedures and regulations and advocates adoption of corporate governance best practices affecting the Group.

13.3 The roles and responsibilities of the Group Secretary shall include, but are not limited to the following:

- a) Advising the Board on its roles and responsibilities;
- b) Facilitating the orientation of new Directors and assist in Directors training and development;
- c) Advising the Directors on corporate disclosures and compliance with Company and securities regulations and listing requirements including:
 - i. disclosure of interests in securities;
 - ii. disclosure of any conflict of interest in a transaction involving the Group;
 - iii. prohibition of dealing in securities; and
 - iv. restrictions on disclosure of price-sensitive information.
- d) Managing processes pertaining to the annual shareholders' meeting;
- e) Monitoring corporate governance development and assist the Board in applying governance practices to meet the Board's needs and stakeholders' expectations; and
- f) Serving as a focal point for stakeholders' communication and engagement on corporate governance issues.
- g) The Group Secretary must keep abreast of and inform the Board of current governance practices. The Group Secretary should undertake continuous professional development.

14 Stakeholders' Communication

The Board shall ensure effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

15 General Meeting

All Directors and the Chairs of Board Committees must attend General Meetings to allow shareholders to raise questions and receive meaningful response to questions raised by them.

16 Review Of the Board Charter

This Charter and the Terms of Reference of each Committee established by the Board shall be periodically reviewed and updated by the Board taking into consideration the needs of the Group as well as any development in rules and regulations that may have an impact on the discharge of the Board's duties and responsibilities.